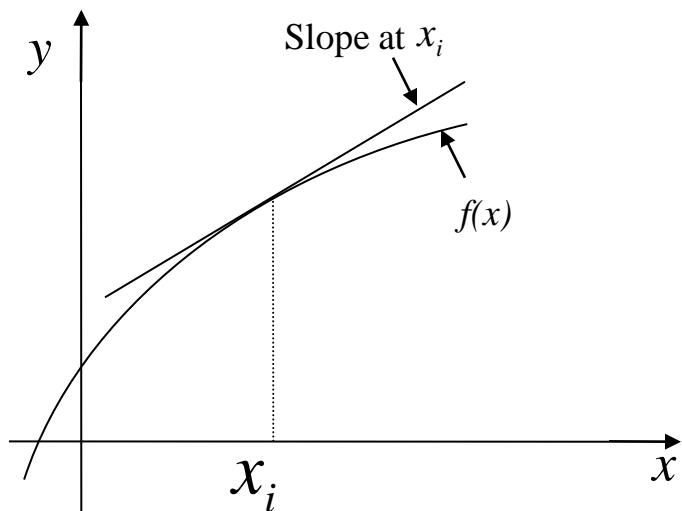


NUMERICAL METHODS

Forward Divided Difference

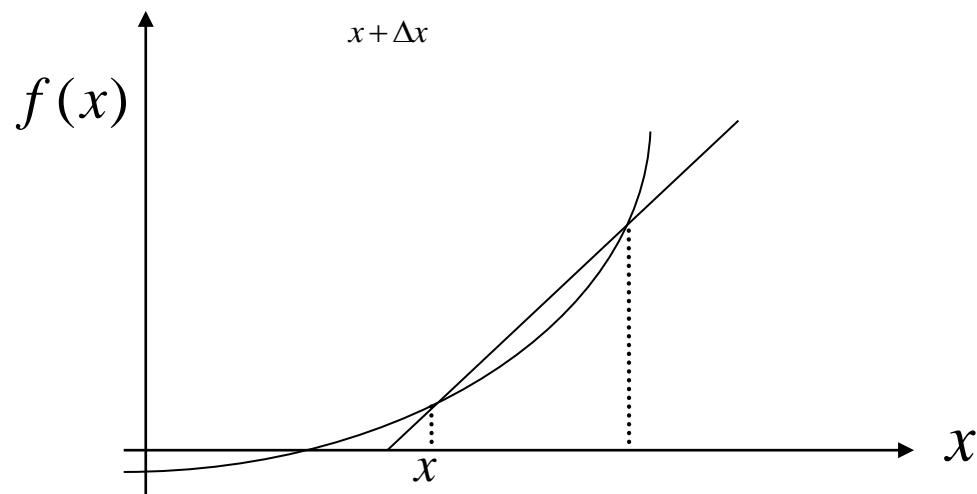
Definition

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$



Forward Divided Difference

$$f'(x) \cong \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$



$$f'(x_i) \cong \frac{f(x_i + \Delta x) - f(x_i)}{\Delta x}$$

Example

Example:

The velocity of a rocket is given by

$$v(t) = 2000 \ln \left[\frac{14 \times 10^4}{14 \times 10^4 - 2100t} \right] - 9.8t, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 30$$

where v given in m/s and t is given in seconds. Use forward difference approximation of the first derivative of $v(t)$ to calculate the acceleration at $t = 16s$. Use a step size of $\Delta t = 2s$.

Solution:

$$a(t_i) \cong \frac{v(t_{i+1}) - v(t_i)}{\Delta t}$$

$$t_i = 16$$

$$\Delta t = 2$$

$$t_{i+1} = t_i + \Delta t = 16 + 2 = 18$$

$$a(16) = \frac{v(18) - v(16)}{2}$$

$$v(18) = 2000 \ln \left[\frac{14 \times 10^4}{14 \times 10^4 - 2100(18)} \right] - 9.8(18) = 453.02 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v(16) = 2000 \ln \left[\frac{14 \times 10^4}{14 \times 10^4 - 2100(16)} \right] - 9.8(16) = 392.07 \text{ m/s}$$

Hence

$$a(16) = \frac{v(18) - v(16)}{2} = 453.02 - 392.07 = 30.475 \text{ m/s}^2$$

The exact value of $a(16)$ can be calculated by differentiating

$$v(t) = 2000 \ln \left[\frac{14 \times 10^4}{14 \times 10^4 - 2100t} \right] - 9.8t$$

as

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[v(t)] = \frac{-4040 - 29.4t}{-200 + 3t}$$

$$a(16) = 29.674 \text{ m/s}^2$$

The absolute relative true error is

$$\begin{aligned} |\varepsilon_t| &= \left| \frac{\text{True Value} - \text{Approximate Value}}{\text{True Value}} \right| \times 100 \\ &= \left| \frac{29.674 - 30.475}{29.674} \right| \times 100 \\ &= 2.6993\% \end{aligned}$$

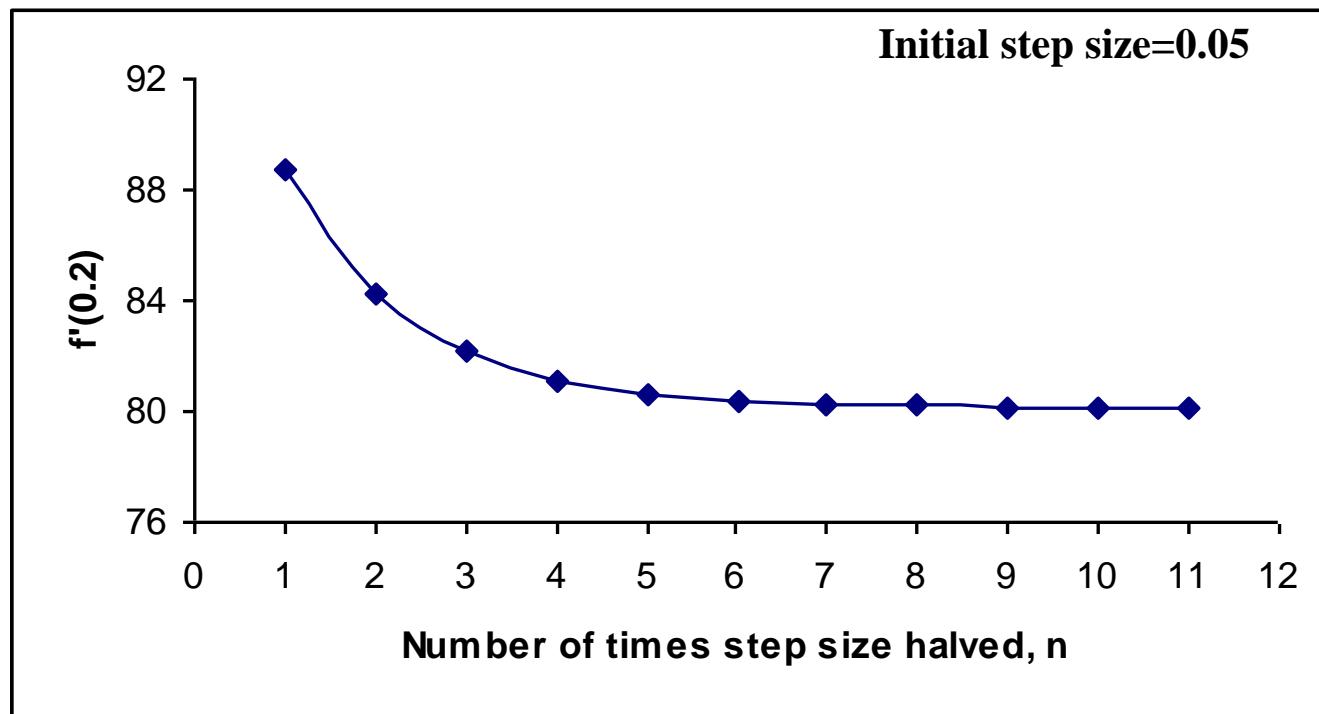
Effect Of Step Size

$$f(x) = 9e^{4x}$$

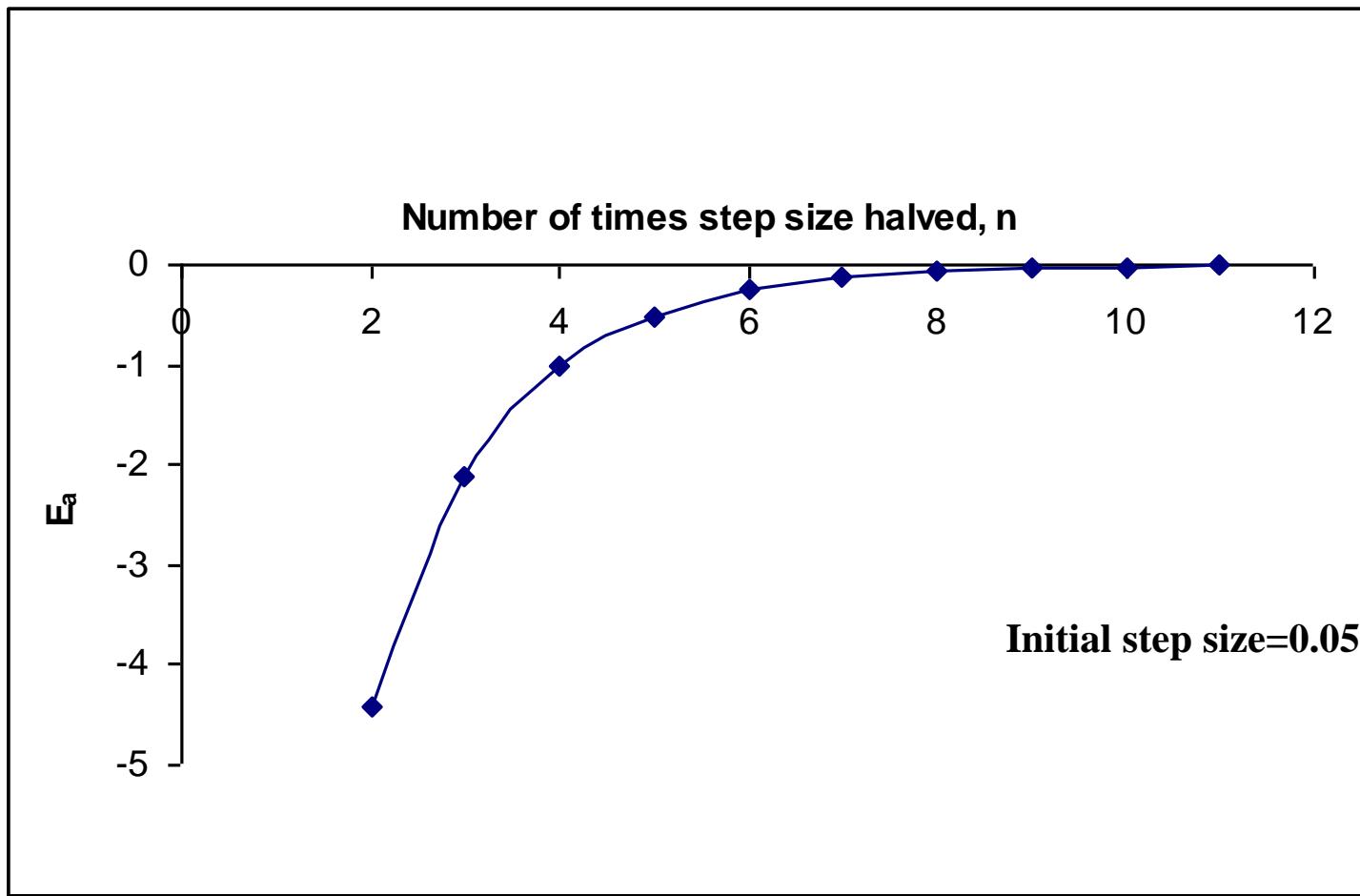
Value of $f'(0.2)$ Using forward difference method.

| h | $f'(0.2)$ | E_a | $ \varepsilon_a \%$ | Significant digits | E_t | $ \varepsilon_t \%$ |
|----------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|
| 0.05 | 88.69336 | | | | -8.57389 | 10.70138 |
| 0.025 | 84.26239 | -4.430976 | 5.258546 | 0 | -4.14291 | 5.170918 |
| 0.0125 | 82.15626 | -2.106121 | 2.563555 | 1 | -2.03679 | 2.542193 |
| 0.00625 | 81.12937 | -1.0269 | 1.265756 | 1 | -1.00989 | 1.260482 |
| 0.003125 | 80.62231 | -0.507052 | 0.628923 | 1 | -0.50284 | 0.627612 |
| 0.001563 | 80.37037 | -0.251944 | 0.313479 | 2 | -0.25090 | 0.313152 |
| 0.000781 | 80.24479 | -0.125579 | 0.156494 | 2 | -0.12532 | 0.156413 |
| 0.000391 | 80.18210 | -0.062691 | 0.078186 | 2 | -0.06263 | 0.078166 |
| 0.000195 | 80.15078 | -0.031321 | 0.039078 | 3 | -0.03130 | 0.039073 |
| 9.77E-05 | 80.13512 | -0.015654 | 0.019535 | 3 | -0.01565 | 0.019534 |
| 4.88E-05 | 80.12730 | -0.007826 | 0.009767 | 3 | -0.00782 | 0.009766 |

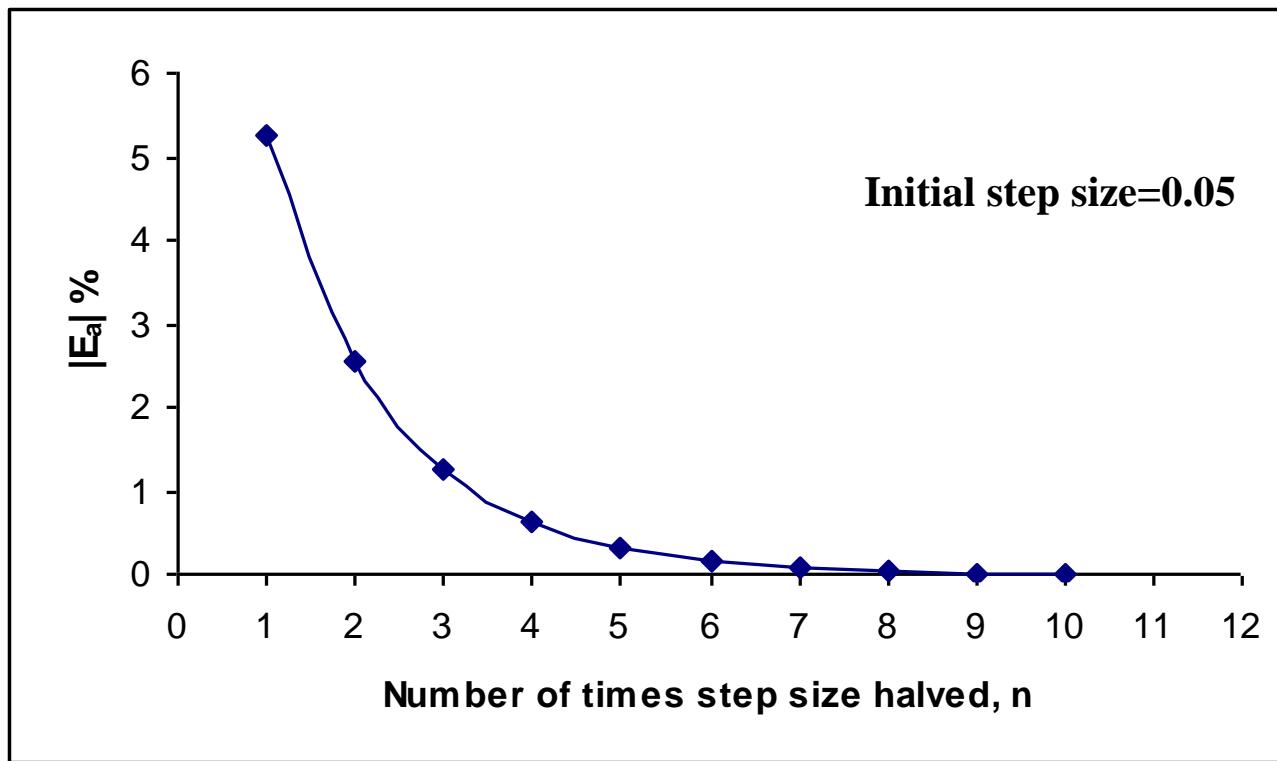
Effect of Step Size in Forward Divided Difference Method



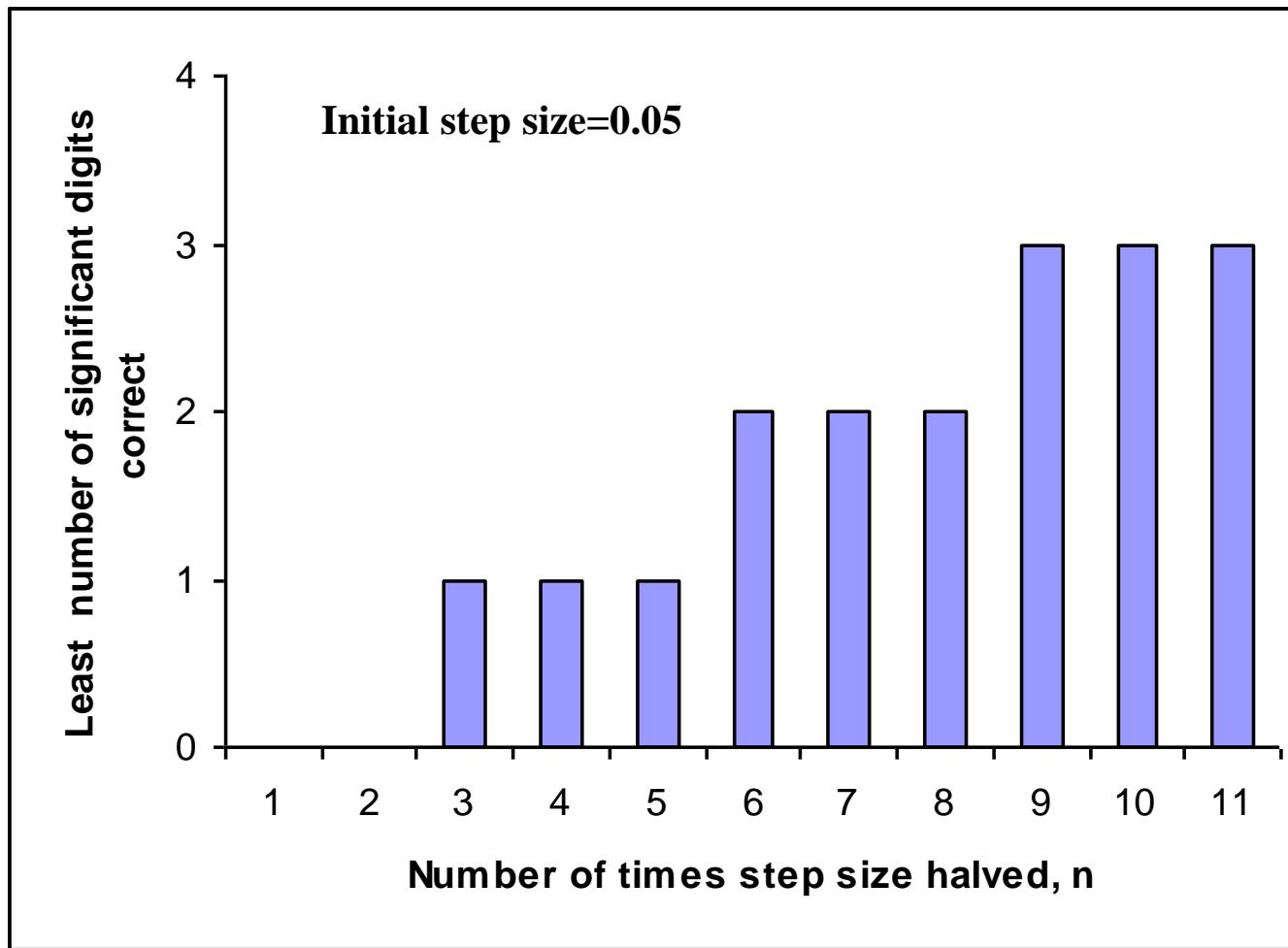
Effect of Step Size on Approximate Error



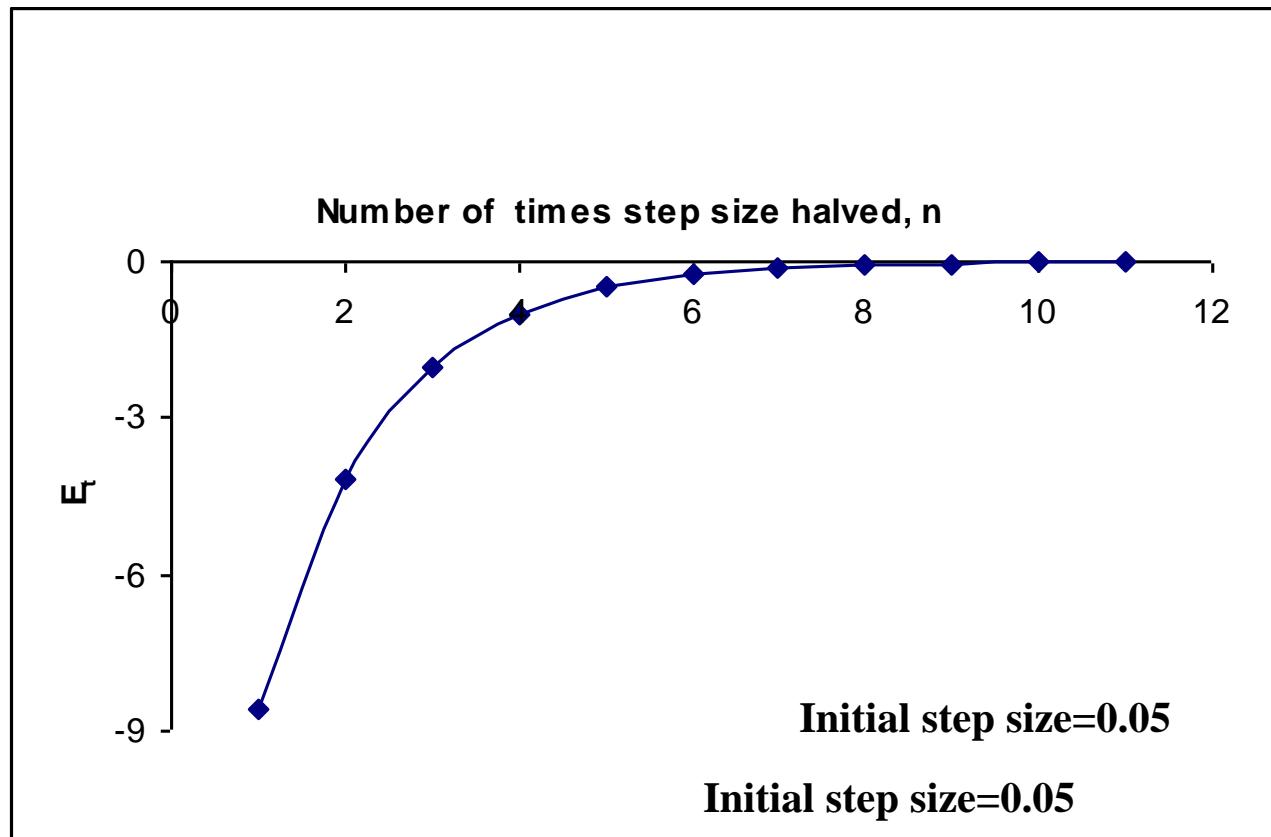
Effect of Step Size on Absolute Relative Approximate Error



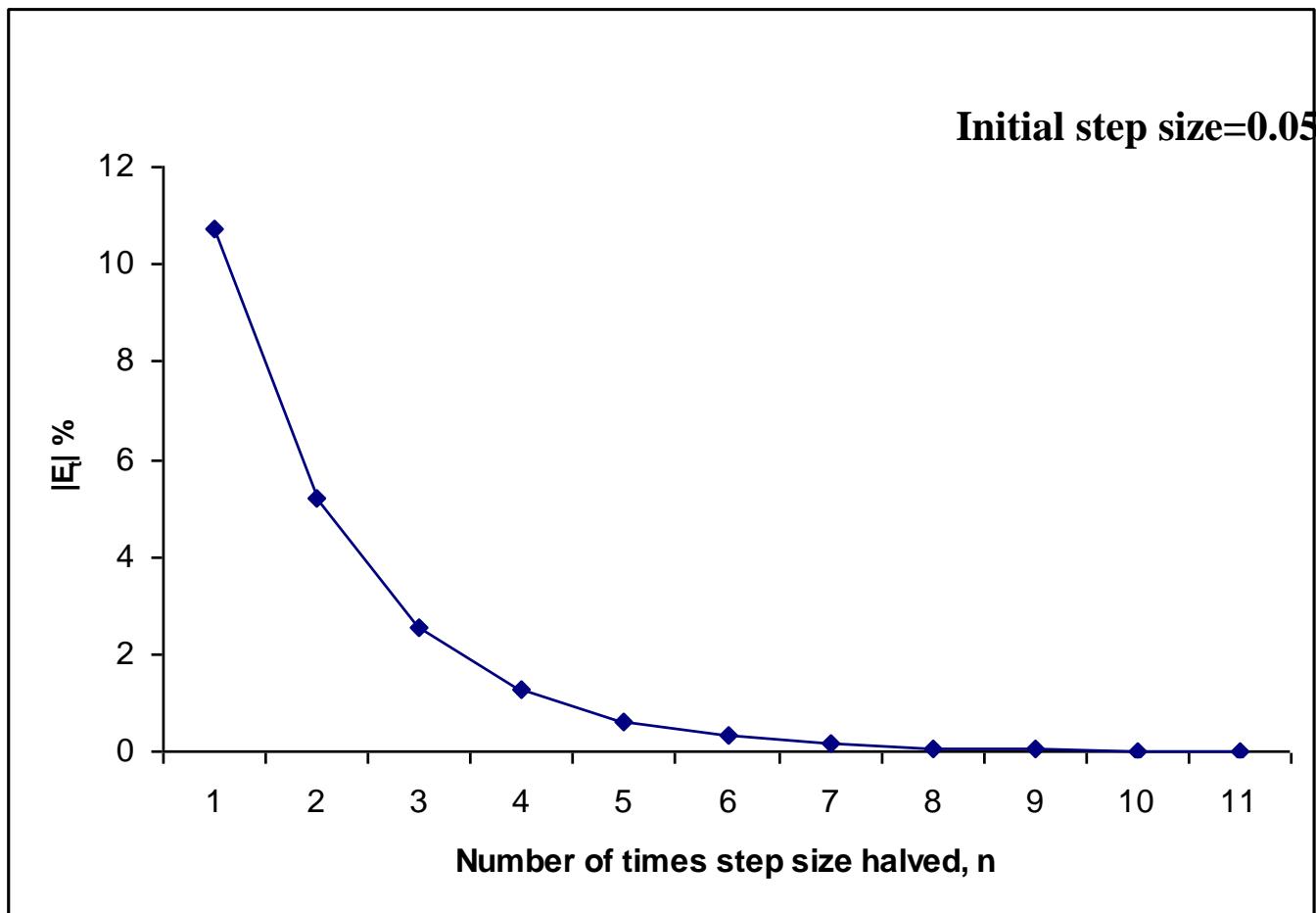
Effect of Step Size on Least Number of Significant Digits Correct



Effect of Step Size on True Error



Effect of Step Size on Absolute Relative True Error



Prepared By:

Prof. Shyam Lal

Deptt. Of Mathematics